BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 30, 1870. VOLUME XXXVII---NUMBER 204.

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

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2.00 for Three Months.

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

at the Office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars a Year, *invariably in advance.*

AGENCIES.

M. BYRON HOWE & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 5 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this Paper.

S. S. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Square, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance. Subscribers finding this Notice marked will understand that the time for which they paid has been expired.

Your Subscription expires

SHINGLES.

Packed constantly on hand, and Red to Cullers

Free of Charge.

Saws for the following Shingle Machines

MUZZY.

BRACKLEY & TILLEY or BEAR TRAP.

DRAKE or GARDNER.

CLOSE

COX & FORBES.

We not only warrant these Saws to be free from defects, but to be of good temper and Shingle Sawyers will find it for their interest to purchase of us. Circulars sent free.

Gibson, Kimball & Sanford,

Exchange St. No. 84 Exchange St.

Cheese, Cheese.

FACTORIES AND DAIRIES.

For Sale Low to the Trade by the Single Cheese or by the Dairy.

Bragg & Wescott.

No. 2 Broad St.

June 12, 1870 BANGOR.

Excelsior.

Murry's Saloon.

THE Subscriber, having taken charge of MURRY'S POPULAR SALOON, would say to the numerous customers and the public generally that he has refitted and refurnished the same in a neat and tasteful manner, and is now prepared to furnish

Ladies' Department,

which is one of neat and convenient design, fronting on Franklin Street, and both shall claim a share of the best patronage. The choicest brands of Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, &c., will be found at the counter, and the best of attention will be given to all who favor me with a call.

Oysters, Ice Cream and Fancy Cakes for all kinds. Fruit and Confectionery.

HENRY MURRY.

Bangor, April 1, 1870.

Mr. MURRY takes pleasure in recommending the above to the patronage of his friends and the public. He will endeavor to merit the confidence of the former patrons of the shop, and of all others.

WHITE VESTS.

WHITE LINEN

AND

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS

FROM

McCullar, Williams & Parkers

OF BOSTON.

For sale at S. B. FIFIELD'S.

May 30

RAZORS, SCISSORS,

And KNIVES, Repaired and Sharpened as good as new. Also Razors of every description, for sale by hands, or made to order.

OLD STAND OF OLIVER MOREY,

Exchange Street.

Bangor, July 1, 1870. T. HANOVER.

EXCURSIONS

AND

PICNICS.

Parties going on Excursions and Picnics, and wanting Cooking Stoves and Ranges, will find everything to their interest at

CHAS. & FRANK DWINELL'S,

June23 tf 100 Exchange Street.

Home Again.

Dr. E. T. WASGATT,

(From the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery,)

having had the rooms formerly occupied by him at

2 1-2 Kenduskeag Bridge,

refitted and refurnished in modern style, and put them in the best of order, is prepared to attend to the performance of all kinds of operations in Dentistry, begs a share of the liberal old patronage, and the public generally, that he is home again in the same old spot, where I won't be apt to be forgotten, and will hope to see them and all who are wanted in the Dentistry line.

He would call special attention to his new and improved method of inhalation, being entirely free from the most delicate person.

Please give him a call at his new rooms.

2 1-2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

DR. E. T. WASGATT.

Bangor, July 6, 1870.

JULY ATLANTIC, PUTNAM, Young Folks' Monthlies, Peterson, &c., for sale by DUREN'S Book Store.

Jets. Jets.

Just from Europe,

A large lot for sale Wholesale and Retail.

VERY LOW.

No. 25 West Market Square.

BUTLER & HAYNES

June14

Haying Tools,

A large lot for sale Wholesale and Retail.

VERY LOW.

No. 25 West Market Square.

BUTLER & HAYNES

June14

Business Cards.

W. T. HILLIARD

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

OFFICE

Over Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.

Bangor, Nov 22, 1869—tf (Times copy)

PATENT SOLICITING!

FRED. H. COOMBS,

Room No. 9, Exchange Block.

REFERS BY PERMISSION TO

Hon. JOHN SEVERON, Hon. GEO. STETSON,
Hon. J. A. PETERS, M. C., A. W. PAINE, Esq.,
J. S. ROSE, Esq., T. N. FOSTER, Esq.

Bangor, Jan 1, 1870 tf

L. E. NORRIS,

Druggist and Apothecary

Will continue the business

At the old Stand of N. S. HARLOW,

No. 4 Smith Block,

And will endeavor to merit the confidence of the former patrons of the shop, and of all others.

Every pains will be taken to furnish none but pure Medicines, and to maintain the reputation of the stand for care and skill in compounding Medicines.

All goods kept by Druggists will be sold at the lowest prices.

At Wholesale or Retail.

Special attention given to supplying country physicians and traders.

L. E. NORRIS, M. D.,

No. 4 Smith Block.

may26

COAL! COAL!!

A Cargo of first quality of

CUMBERLAND COAL,

Just received and for sale by

M. SCHWARTZ.

Bangor, May 16th, 1870

JOHN F. ROBINSON,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law

LINCOLN, MAINE,

Will give attention to the collection of demands.

Special Notice.

THE Subscriber, of the late firm of E. S. S. LOW & CO., tenders thanks to his friends and the public for past patronage long bestowed, and would inform them that he is ready to attend to all orders in the MOVING LINE. Brick, Wood or Stone Buildings, Raised or Moved to order.

Residence, 28 Centre Street. Box 383.

S. S. LOW.

Bangor, April 1 1869.

Stencil Cutting.

SHINGLE BRANDS and STENCILS of every description cut at short notice. Brass Alphabets Stencil Plates cut in Roman, Writing and Old English letters of superior indelible ink. Also Key Checks and Rubber Stamps of every style.

Agent for Golding's Elastic Hand Printer that will figure out the Printing on Envelopes, Labels and Wedding Cards.

WM. H. EARLE,

No. 2 Harlow's Block, (Up Stairs,)

Mar 12 East End Kenduskeag Bridge

REMOVAL.

By reason of his rapidly increasing business in the first families of Bangor and this portion of the State,

Dr. H. F. TIFFT,

Is felt compelled to provide more elegant apartments for his DENTAL OPERATIONS, which he has fitted at

No. 4 Main Street.

Over Stone & Daggett's New Store

Where he is prepared to do as good work, in every part of the dentistry business, as can be done in Maine. He refers to the

ONE THOUSAND FAMILIES,

in the part of the State, for whom he has performed dental operations, as proof.

Remember—Main St. No. 4. Up Stairs.

Near Masonic Corner.

J. H. CLERGUE,

117 Exchange St.

LADIES' AND GENT'S

HAIR MANUFACTURER,

WIG-MAKER

AND

Hair Manufacturer,

Where can be found a Large Assortment of latest styles Chignons, Braids, Switches, and Curls. Wigs, Half-Wigs, and Front Pieces. Old Hair repaired as above. Also an assortment of Yankee Notions and Fancy Goods.

FILES ------- FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up, and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES,

And am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.

OLD FILES RECUT, as usual.

JOB COLLETT,

EXCHANGE STREET.

H. C. GOODENOW.

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY

DOW'S BLOCK,

Corner of Hammond & Central Sts,

Nov13 BANGOR. d&wly

FURNITURE.

GILMAN, TOWNSEND & CO.

Manufacture and offer for sale at

10 and 12 Granite Block, East Market Square

Parlor Furniture,

in Hair Cloth, Hoye and Terry;

Chamber Furniture,

in Walnut, Ashwald Painted.

Dining Room Furnitures,

consisting of Tables and Chairs.

Hall Furniture,

such as Hat Stands, and Chairs.

Library Furniture,

such as Tables and Book Cases.

Office Furniture.

Stove Furniture.

Upholstery and repairing done in the best manner with dispatch.

Factory—Morse & Co.'s Mills, Exchange St.

Bangor, August 1, 1870. d&w

LYNDE HOTEL

ROCKLAND, MAINE,

G. A. LYNDE, - - Proprietor.

THE HOUSE has been refitted throughout, and is now open for the public at the corner of Park and Main Sts., Rockland, and I have spared no pains to make it a first-class house, and I shall endeavor to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon it.

Clean beds, fires and rooms, good fare, and our full attendance will be offered to the friends of the House, and I shall be glad to make their stay agreeable. Nearly every train to the south stops at the door. Call and leave your baggage with us, and you will be put on board of cars in season. Carriages for passengers to and from the House free of charge.

The Livery Stable connected with the House is good and reliable for horses and carriages.

GEO. A. LYNDE.

Rockland, June 1, 1870. 6m23

EVELETH HOUSE,

GREENVILLE, MAINE

Head of Moosehead Lake,

W. J. MITCHELL, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the reception of guests, and has been refitted throughout, and is kept in a first-class manner. The proprietor is determined that this house shall be supplied with the best the market can afford, and will hope by strict attention to business and reasonable charges to receive a liberal share of the public patronage. Parties visiting Moosehead Lake for pleasure or business will find this house supplied with all the conveniences for comfort and good living of any house in the country.

W. J. MITCHELL, Prop'r.

Greenville, June 1, 1870. 3m23

Central House,—Bangor, Maine

WM. L. STEVENS, Proprietor.

The proprietor would announce to his friends and the public that he has recently refitted, re-furnished and refurnished in the most elegant and tasteful manner, and is now prepared to receive guests at reasonable rates. The location of this house is central, convenient to the depots and steamboat landings, and it is the aim of the proprietor to make it a first-class house in every particular. The traveling public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

No. 7 Exchange Street.

Bangor, May 19, 1870. 3m21

Foxcroft Exchange,

FOXCROFT, ME.

The subscriber, formerly of Franklin House, has taken the above new and commodious house, and will spare no pains to make it in every respect a desirable stopping place for the traveling public. It is centrally located, and will be connected with telegraph office.

R. QUIMBY.

Foxcroft, May 2, 1870. 3m18

Orono Hotel.

Hotel and Boarding House Notice.

THE Subscriber, at the earnest solicitation of many friends, has leased the "Orono House," and will be pleased to see his old customers, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call. The house has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished throughout, and will be kept in a first-class manner. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests, and the charges will be reasonable.

"The Orono House"

The house is large, commodious and centrally located, and the subscriber hopes to give a share of public patronage. Stages leave the house daily for Bangor and Old Town, and the cars stop at the door.

Orono, June 1, 1870. 3m23

California Vinegar Bitters.

A large lot for sale Wholesale and Retail by

BLOOD & ROWE.

Engine for Sale.

A TWELVE HORSE POWER STATIONARY ENGINE AND BOILER. Inquire of

GEORGE REYNOLDS,

Head of Main Street.

The New Photograph Rooms

COMPLETE IN ALL THEIR APPOINTMENTS

ARE NOW OPEN IN

MASON'S BLOCK West Market Square,

WHERE

Mr. E. R. WESTON

Is prepared to execute Pictures at the following Prices:

Card Photographs per dozen, $1 00
Card Photographs per half dozen, 50
Cabinets per dozen, 3 00
Cabinets per half dozen, 2 00

FERROTYPES.

One large picture for parlor frame, 50 cents
Nine A boun size pictures in card, 50 cents
Four Sunbeam pictures in card, 25 cents
Four Cartes de Visite, 50 cents

COPYING and ENLARGING done at short notice and finished in INK, OIL or WATER COLORS.

E. R. WESTON & CO.

E. R. WESTON. W. H. WESTON.

West Market Square, Bangor, Maine.

Entrance, No. 4 Main Street.

Bangor, July 25, 1870.

Proposals

For Opening the Channel of Union River at Ellsworth, Me.

Proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock, a. m., on Thursday, the 15th day of September next, for opening a channel through the shoals or ledges known as Boomer and other accumulations in Union River, between Ellsworth Lower Dam and Tinker's (the half-tide) ledge.

Said channel to be opened down to the mud or gravel of the river, and to be not less than 100 feet in width.

Bidders will please state the amount for which they will clear up, for a width of one hundred and seventy (170) feet, and the amount for each additional foot in width, the distance to be excavated, as above stated, to be ascertained by actual measurement.

Payments will be made monthly, as the work progresses, on the certificate of the engineer in charge, for 80 per cent. of the estimated amount of the work satisfactorily completed during the month.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject all bids which, in his opinion, are not for the interest of the government, and the right of any person who will not, in his belief, faithfully and promptly perform a contract.

Persons desiring to see the proposed improvement can call on the undersigned or his office in Morton Block, Bangor, Maine, where forms of proposals, and more definite information, if desired, will be furnished. Bidders will have their proposals for opening the channel of Union river addressed to

GEO. THOM,

Lieut. Col. of Engineers.

Portland, Me., August 24, 1870. a30d16

SHOE FLY. SHOE FLY.

LADIES' Black French Kid Button Boots,
LADIES' Bronze French Kid Button Boots,
LADIES' American Kid Button Boots,
LADIES' Fine 18 Thread Serge Boots,
LADIES' French and American Kid Slippers,
LADIES' & Children's Croquet Slippers,
LADIES' Serge Slippers with Elastic Gores,
LADIES' & Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds.

The largest and best stock ever offered in this City. Any one that doubts this can call and satisfy themselves that they can purchase

AT J. F. HERSEY & CO.'S.

Masonic Block.

Bangor, July 21, 1870.

Wash Leathers.

A number of very nice ones just received.

Also a lot of Carriage Sponges, Neats Foot Oil, Curry Combs and Cards, Axle Greese, Lard Castoline and Olive Oils, for sale by

BLOOD & ROWE.

CHEAP, GOOD AND POPULAR MUSIC Boxes Cheap, and Hitchcock's Monthly Pictorial Journals for sale at

HALF DIME MUSIC CO.

June 14 DUREN'S BOOKSTORE.

Boys' and Youths'

CLOTHING

IN GREAT VARIETY

suitable for Boys from 3 to 15 years old

Call and select before purchasing elsewhere

ALSO,

Our usual assortment of Men's

JONES BROTHERS.

1 and 2 West End Kenduskeag Bridge

Bangor, May 10, 1870.

Union Insurance Company,

Dividend Notice.

A SEMI-ANNUAL dividend of five per cent. on the Capital Stock, has been declared, payable at the office of the Company on and after this date.

E. H. FOLLET, Secretary.

Bangor, Aug 30d, 1870.

NEW

Planing & Moulding MILL,

No. 73 Broad Street.

THE subscribers have started a Planing and Moulding Mill, at the above place, where they are ready to fill all orders in their line.

MOULDINGS of all Kinds,

Made to order.

PLANING done at short notice.

Doors, Sash & Blinds, Gutters & Conductors

Constantly on hand or made to order.

Also, dealers in KILN DRIED LUMBER.

E. W. & W. P. BLAKE.

June15

UNION HARNESS LEATHER.

Just received from Hurlbut's, New York, 100 rolls Upper Harness Leathers, nice imitation of Oak Leather—cannot tell it from Oak Leather at first, a pound, cash on delivery; together with 200 sides of one-half Oak Leather, and the best stock of

SADDLERY HARDWARE

To be found in the State. Also the cheapest place in Bangor to buy your

Trunks, Relined Boot and Shoe Straps

W. H. SAWTELLE.

aug24 No. 6 Central Street.

Received at DUREN'S

New Music

Book and Music Store.

Furniture at Reduced Prices

GEO. W. MERRILL,

Manufacturer and Dealer,

Invites the attention of Purchasers to his Extensive Stock of

FURNITURE,

Comprising a complete assortment of goods which he will sell at the lowest cash prices.

PARLOR FURNITURE of the latest Styles & Best Workmanship

Consisting of Suits in Brocatelle, Plush, Rep, Terry and Hair Cloth, Marble Top Tables, Gilt and Walnut, Plain and Mosaic Mirrors, Etagers, Fancy Parlor Desks, &c.

CHAMBER FURNITURE of all Grades,

Walnut, Ash, Chestnut and Painted Sets in Parian Marble, Hair, Spring, Sacramento, Husk and Excelsior Mattresses, Spring Beds, Cots and Cribs.

Dining Room Furniture,

Library Furniture,

Hall Furniture,

Office Furniture,

Ship's Furniture, &c

He would call particular attention to his perfect facilities for manufacturing Office, Ship and Store Furniture, having in his Factory the best and most approved machinery for the manufacture of the same, and he employs the most competent workmen in the business.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Painted Window Shades, Fixtures and Tassels, and Fancy Walnut Brackets, &c.,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

He has on hand a full line of Lace and Drapery Curtains, Walnut and Gilt Cornices, Tassels, &c., and is prepared to do, and will undertake to furnish and put up Curtains and Fixtures, in a manner equal to the best houses in Boston, and at prices as low as the lowest.

Don't buy until you call on the subscriber, at the sign of the Golden Chair, in the rear of the Granite Block, and examine his stock and prices.

FACTORY AT MORSE & CO.'S MILL.

G. W. MERRILL,

66 Main Street.

Bangor, July 25th, 1870. 3m18

MASON & HOADLY'S

NEW ELGANO FOR THE

PIANO FORTE.

The grand and unequalled improvements introduced in the Piano Forte and in both of its parts, and the highest degree of excellence attained in the Action, have obtained for these Pianos the greatest reputation. They have been adopted in all the leading Conservatories in this country, and by the most distinguished Pianists in America and European Pianists, as the Best Piano Fortes now made. Pamphlets containing both English and German testimonials, sent free on application.

Prices $1 000, Cash or Approved Credit.

Illustrated Circulars sent free on application.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

C. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

Aug 30d18 6

SHOE FLY. SHOE FLY.

LADIES' Black French Kid Button Boots,
LADIES' Bronze French Kid Button Boots,
LADIES' American Kid Button Boots,
LADIES' Fine 18 Thread Serge Boots,
LADIES' French and American Kid Slippers,
LADIES' & Children's Croquet Slippers,
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LADIES' & Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds.

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Masonic Block.

Bangor, July 21, 1870.

COAL.

A number of very nice ones just received.

Also a lot of Carriage Sponges, Neats Foot Oil, Curry Combs and Cards, Axle Greese, Lard Castoline and Olive Oils, for sale by

BLOOD & ROWE.

Back Again!

I have leased the lower part of the Wharf formerly occupied by REED, WOODMAN & BERRY, where I am now ready to receive and sell at wholesale and retail

COAL

Very Lowest Market Prices.

In connection with the COAL BUSINESS, I am happy to inform my friends and customers that I have purchased the entire stock of

CRYSTAL LEHIGH,

EXCELSIOR LEHIGH,

And RED ASH,

In Lump for Family Use, Screened and Cleaned, of a superior quality of

CUMBERLAND COAL

For Smiths' use.

Thanking for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon the late firm, I hope by strict attention to business to receive a continuance of the same.

BACON & HUCKINS.

Office and Wharf foot of Central street, near M. C. R. R. Depot and Kenduskeag Bridge, in rear of Kenduskeag Block.

Bangor, Aug 19, 1870.

DR. CATON'S CELEBRATED Liquid Hair Dressing for sale at DUREN'S Book Store.

Aug 30

ATLANTIC, Young Folks', Our Land, Little Arthur, and Children's Magazines, for sale at DUREN'S Bookstore.

Aug 30

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Aug 30

House, Foundry & Smiths' COAL,

AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

We have on hand the Largest and best stock of

COAL,

to offer to the trade in Bangor, consisting of

CRYSTAL LEHIGH,

EXCELSIOR LEHIGH,

And RED ASH,

In Lump for Family Use, Screened and Cleaned, of a superior quality of

CUMBERLAND COAL

For Smiths' use.

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Aug 30

EYE, EAR, CATARRH AND THROAT.

MRS. MANCHESTER,

The Independent

CLAIRVOYANT

AND

ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN,

Formerly from 618 Broadway, New York, late of Portland, has arrived in Bangor, and taken rooms at the BANGOR HOUSE, where she will remain a short time only.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES.

This is to certify that Mrs. Manchester has done for me in a few days what I have been trying for six years with the best physicians in the country. I was deaf in my left ear, and had a very bad discharge from it, and my head was full of dropsy in the worst form. I could hear a little before I called on Mrs. Manchester, but after the first treatment I could hear as well as ever. The discharge from my ear has entirely ceased, and I am confident it will not return. I have been troubled with Catarrh for a long time, and I am confident it has not entirely left me, but I can breathe through both nostrils, which I have not been able to do for a long time before I called on Mrs. Manchester. I have also been troubled with Neuralgia in the head, and have been entirely relieved by her treatment. I have also been troubled with a pain in my left side, but they all left me after the first treatment. I have also been troubled with a pain in my left side, but they all left me after the first treatment. I have also been troubled with a pain in my left side, but they all left me after the first

Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE, - - PROPRIETOR

TUESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1870.

Republican Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. Sidney Perham

OF PARIS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

1st District—Hon. JOHN LYNCH, Portland.
2d District—Hon. WM. P. FRYE, Lewiston.
3d District—Hon. J. G. BLAINE, Augusta.
4th District—Hon. J. A. PETERS, Bangor.
5th District—Hon. EUGENE HALE, Ellsworth.

CLASS CONVENTIONS.

Republican Conventions for the purpose of nominating candidates for Representatives to the Legislature will be holden as follows:

In Class composed of

Passadumkeag, Burlington, Lowell and Greenfield, at Passadumkeag, on SATURDAY, Sept. 3d at 10 A. M.,

Alton, Corinth, Hudson and Kenduskeag, Nichols Hall, in East Corinth, on SATURDAY, the 3d day of September next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Charleston, Bradford and Lagrange, at Charleston Town House, on SATURDAY, Sept. 3d, at one o'clock P. M.

DISCIPLINE IN PRUSSIA.

Referring to the surprising change which has occured in the relative military prestige of the nations of Europe, the N. Y. Standard ascribes the improved condition of the Prussian army, to the influences of education and its accompanying discipline.

The Prussians, says the Standard, are the best educated people in the world. Our own common school system, which is it is prized by us, properly as we boast of it, is not as perfect in all its parts as the common school system of Prussia. While we are discussing the question of compulsory education, Prussia shows us generations of well-trained men and women, educated by direction of the State. While there are among us, especially in the manufacturing districts, children of American birth who are unable to read or write, there is scarcely to be found anywhere a German without these acquirements. A people so well educated make the best of soldiers, especially when their military training is in every way equal to their system of general education.

The military forces of Prussia, comprise: first; a standing army: second, a Landwehr of the first call; third, a Landwehr of the second call, and fourth, the Landsturm. The standing army is partly composed of volunteers and partly of the youth of the nation between twenty-one and twenty-five years of age, a service of from one to three years being compulsory. The Landwehr of the first call is a militia liable to do service at home or abroad in time of war, and is composed of men under thirty-two years of age. The Landwehr of the second call, comprises all persons not in the standing army of the first call who are under forty years of age. The Landsturm are not liable to duty out of the province in which they reside—this arm of the service including all men not, otherwise alloted, up to their fiftieth year. It will be seen from this that the whole population is all organized and trained soldiery, always ready for active and effective service. Of how well they are, organized and trained the French campaign is the best proof.

The present military system of Prussia though it has its basis further back, even than the wars of the Great Frederick, may almost be said to date from the year 1814. In half a century it has lifted a nation, humiliated by the genius of Napoleon, to the proud position of the leading power in Europe. Never before have general education and military discipline done so much for a people.

THE PRUSSIAN FORCES. A special to the New York Herald, dated Berlin, Aug. 28th, gives the disposition of different German armies as follows:—There are 16 Corps d'Armies, containing 40,000 men each. The first army, under Steinmetz, has the 1st, 7th and 8th Corps, at Metz; the second army, under Prince Frederick, Charles, has the 2d, 3d, 9th, 10th and 10th Corps, at Metz; the third army, under the Prussian Crown Prince, has the 5th, 6th, 6th and 11th Corps and two Bavarian Corps, marching on Paris; the fourth army, under the Crown Prince of Saxony, has the 4th and 12th Corps and the Saxon and Prussian Guards; the fifth army, under Gen. Werdem, has the Wurtemburg and Baden divisions and is engaged in the siege of Strasburg; the sixth army, under Grand Duke of Mecklenburg Schwerin, is on the Rhine; the seventh army, under Gens. Von Constein and Loewenfield, is at Berlin. Three of these armies are in reserve.

FRATERNAL COURTESIES. The last number of the Houlton Times having contained what the Sunrise calls "a characteristic, abusive article of the Sunrise," the latter disposes of the first named editor in the following complimentary manner:

"The meagerness of his circulation, the obvious weakness of his upper story, the shallowness of his intellect, and his absolute inability to do us any hurt, has been among the reasons why we have let his grogshop-gossiping talk go unanswered, and should not now have noticed it, but from the fact that he has called in other brains to aid in this last manifestation of himself."

WAR NOTES.

La Liberte says: "We may expect within a day or two a brilliant combat."—The Journal du Soir denounces the inactivity of the French fleet.—The siege of Paris is deemed inevitable and it is even said that the French government prefers that result to a pitched battle.—The papers invite the French to rush to the defence in spite of spinelessness of government.—Paris journals say that the advance of the Crown Prince is fatal to the Prussian campaign.—An important Carlist rising is reported in the provinces of Navarre and Gerova and troops are leaving Madrid for the scene of action.—The law calling into the ranks married men who had served in the French army, has been rejected by the Corps Legislatif.—Foreigners are leaving Paris.—1,000 persons are attached to the headquarters of the King of Prussia, including 180 servants.—Three prizes were brought into Brest Saturday.—The French mint is working silver, but no gold.—During the siege the government will stay in Paris.—A revolution at Munich is threatened.—The French Minister at Washington has protested against the engagement by the North German Legation and others of surgeons in this country to serve in the Prussian army.—There has been great rejoicing in Berlin.—A procession carrying four mitrailleurs, 23 cannon and one eagle captured from the French, passed through the streets. The Queen came out on the balcony of the palace and received the congratulations of the people.—A communication from Metz states that Bazaine's forces are 160,000, the Prince Royal and Frederick Charles respectively 130,000 to 140,000 and Steinmetz's 100,000 men.—McMahon's army at Rethel is composes of the first, fifth, seventh and twelfth corps and the cavalry of Canrobert's sixth corps.—The Garde Mobille have drawn up an address to Gen. Trochu, protesting against their incorporation into the regular army.—Rochefort has been transferred from the Pelagie prison to that of Vincennes to prevent his rescue.—The Prussian general headquarters are temporarily at St. Dizier.—Great quantities of stores for the use of the Prussian army are accumulating at Nancy.—The statement of the Paris Opinions Nationnis, that Gen. Steinmetz was badly defeated on the 22d and Frederick Charles on the 24th, is not confirmed.—Private telegrams from Berlin say that the Prussians have 200,000 troops along the line of the railway ready to move across the Rhine.—The Moniteur says that the provinces will send to Paris at least 50,000 defenders.—A decree has been published adding M. Thiers, to the Committee of Defence. This movement seems to be a very popular one.—The Prussian government has acquiesced in the refusal of Belgium and Holland to the latter of transportation of the German wounded.—Mesdames Farebles and Madame Dudeuil have been imprisoned as Prussian spies, and the French authorities are talking of executing them.—Zambetta, Republican Deputy in the Corps Legislatif, and two distinguished lawyers, M.M. Lauzier and Flocon, have already recruited a thousand workmen and have requested the defence of Fort de Bicetre on the southern border of Paris.—Robert Mitchell, lately editor of the Paris Constitutionnel, writes Thursday evening from Mr. Mahon's headquarters at Rothel near Mouzon, as follows: "I was very downhearted when I left Paris at the progress which the Prussians had already made in the invasion of France, but since I have been with the army my mind has been completely changed and I am now certain of our ultimate success.—The Prussians push their reconnoissances as far as Montmody.—Bismarck will insist on the restitution by France of all territory forcibly abstracted from Germany, but neither Alsace nor Lorraine will be annexed to Prussia. The larger part will go to Baden and the rest to Bavaria. Russia already protesting and England also.—Palmerston's statement that he had bought 40 cow miles in England is but a small part of this trade. Several hundred Dhoul and Chassepots are manufacturing in London for the French government. There is much anxiety here Germany should recent th since the British government has taken proper precautions against such exportations. The London Daily News insists that it shall exercise the power, denounces the men who imperil the country for private greed and compares this to the Alabama case.—Charles Bretanger, late attache to the French embassy at Washington and at Berlin, has just enlisted as a volunteer in the French army.—The Empress has had her crown jewels transferred to the vaults of the Bank of France.—The North German Consul Roessing, at New York has left for Berlin on Saturday in ship of war, making a total of $85,000 since the opening of the war.—It is said that the French ambassadors at neutral courts have asked for the interposition of the Great Powers to guarantee the French dynasty.—A French frigate is crusing in St. George's Channel.—Paris is said affect to believe that the approaching Prussian will be kept at length between two fires and exterminated.—The London Times says that Paris will and will be saved, but that the removal of the seat of Government is indispensable, owing to the predominance of the ultra-pacific Democracy, who will publish public orders and thwart the movements of the army.—The Irish war fever is still intense and the funds in aid of the French wounded are rapidly accumulating.—The North German barque Texas, which sailed from Philadelphia on the 10th of July, for Dunkirk, has put in to Stowaway, Scotland, to avoid capture.—On Sunday M. Thiers stated in the Council of Defence that the Prussian would soon be on the city without a complete victory over the French army, and even then their stay will be short.—The London Times questions the tactics of McMahon in moving to the northeast, thereby leaving an open road to Paris, and says he must have always threatened a descent on the advancing Prussians.—It was Bismarck who gave the order that there should be no halt in the march on Paris. The King acquiesced, the king his Generals favored looking after McMahon first and taking Paris afterwards.—M. Ollivier and family have arrived in Florence.—The Bois du Boulogne is filled with cattle to be used as food in case of siege.—Wills, the Scotch aeronaut has been summoned to the Prussian headquarters.—A French war steamer is anchored near London and her officers refuse to accept an official notice to leave.—It is very difficult to send news by telegraph from Paris and the Minister of the Interior yesterday informed Gambetta that a large part of his dispatches must be forwarded by mail.—At Madrid important consultations have taken place between the Regent and Ministers and Count Rancomani has been sent for.

LETTER FROM DI SCATAGHS.

CONCORD, Aug. 29, 1870.

To the Editor of the Whig & Courier

Foxcroft and Dover are twin villages too fast to closely are they connected both geographically and from a business point of view that a stranger cannot tell where one leaves off or the other begins and really they should be united under one name. They would form one of the prettiest and most flourishing villages in Maine. The building of the Dexter & Piscataquis Railroad, which has its terminus here, has increased the business of the place greatly and improvements are being made on every hand.

The Board of Agriculture will meet tomorrow in business session for a couple of hours, after which it will meet no more to be solved into a public Farmers' Convention to be held in this village. Several of the most prominent agriculturists in the State will be present and participate in the discussions. Hon. Sidney Perham will be present and address the Convention. Hon. Wm. Chamberlain, Esq., the member of the Board from the Maine State Society, who resides here.

It is expected that an excursion will be had to Sebec Lake sometime during the session, probably Thursday. Most of the members will arrive to-night and visitors to-morrow.

There was a killing frost on low ground in this section last Friday night. The drought is severe and the grass peppers are doing much damage in some towns in the county.

Rev. E. W. Jackson lectured upon temperance here last evening and was listened to by a large audience. His lecture was well received. He is on a lecturing tour through this section under the auspices of the G. L. of Good Templars.

QUINTUS.

Nicolas Azcarrate, who was accepted accredited as a special Spanish Envoy to adjust the Cuban difficulties, publishes a note in which he says: "While in a Cuban I deplore that a misunderstanding between many of my countrymen and modern Spain should keep up in Cuba a cruel and ruinous war, while I uphold national unity as the surest way of realizing abolitionism and radical ideas which I profess, and while I believe too, that the Government cannot insist, with good reason, strong enough to conquer, I am not a bearer of any mission whatever, nor do I propose to meddle in the question."

TROUBLE IN MEXICO. A dispatch from the City of Mexico, says it is generally presumed that Lerdote Ojeda will assume the dictatorship before January 1st. Congress and the President are at loggerheads on the Reyano question. The President and Ministers draw their pay in full, but the subordinate employes of the Government have not received their pay for many months. Romero is opposed by all parties, and is considered as a failure.

Bonds of the State of Georgia, to the amount of $350,000, of whose existence the State Officers were hitherto ignorant, have been discovered. Gov. Bullock reports the fact to the Legislature, and asks for instructions. It is said they were given in lieu of an educational fund appropriated by former state administrations to general uses.

At the Republican caucus in Farmington, on Saturday, Fred Perkins, Esq., was nominated as candidate for Representative to the Legislature.

NOMINATION.

To the Editor of the Whig & Courier

The Republican Class Convention, composed of Lincoln, Patten, &c., holden at George Cutler's Hotel in Lincoln, on Saturday, Aug. 27th, 1870, nominated William O. Clark, Esq., of Lincoln, for Representative to the Legislature. A. W. Weatherbee, Esq., of Lincoln, Hon. John Gardner of Patten, and Hon. Samuel Chesley of Woodville, were chosen district committee.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Convention:

Resolved, That Wm. C. Clark, Esq., the nominee of this Convention, is the unanimous choice of this Convention, and that he is entitled and should receive the undivided support of the Republican voters of this Representative district.

Resolved, That the nominee of this Convention, be and hereby is instructed, if elected, to use all honorable means to procure the passage of a stringent constabulary liquor law at the next Legislature.

A. W. WEATHERBEE, Sec'y.

Special Notices.

EXCURSION

OVER THE

E. & N. A. Railway.

The

UNIVERSALIST SOCIETY AND SUNDAY SCHOOL,

OF BANGOR,

with their friends, will make an Excursion to LINCOLN CENTRE, on

WEDNESDAY, the 31st inst.

The train will leave the Depot at the foot of Exchange Street at half past seven in the morning, and return the same evening at half past six.

Arrangements are perfected to provide a first class dining car for the Train; which are for sale by E. HARRIMAN, Mason's Corner; ALLEN & KINSLEY, Dickering & Symonds; FIELD, PRESCOTT & CO., Kenduskeag; HENRY LORD, Exchange Street; CLARENCE DAKIN, Main Street.

Price of Tickets for Teachers and Scholars of the Sunday School, 25 cents; all others, 50 cents.

Bangor, Aug. 30, 1870. 3t

Attention Eagles.

There will be a Special Meeting of Eagle Rigging Co. No. 3, this (TUESDAY) EVENING, Aug. 30th, at 7½ o'clock.

Every member is requested to be present.

JOHN F. LOWELL, Clerk.

City of Bangor.

The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims will be in session at the Alderman's Room, on MONDAY, the first Monday and Thursday in each month, at 2 o'clock P. M. All bills against the city should be presented at that time.

M. GIDDINGS, Chairman.

aug29

State of Maine.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Augusta, Aug. 26th, 1870.

An adjourned session of the Executive Council, will be holden at the Council Chamber, in Augusta, on TUESDAY, the thirtieth instant.

Attest: FRANKLIN M. DREW,
Secretary of State.

aug29 2t

Wanted.

AGENTS to canvass for WEEKLY COURIER in Penobscot County.

aug27 an

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS.

The Subscribers, having taken a lease of the store on Mason's Corner, recently occupied by J. P. Bass, have fitted it up as a

RETAIL STORE,

FOR THE SALE OF

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

Furs, Furnishing Goods, &c.

We shall endeavor to to keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of the above named articles in all the new and desirable styles and hope to receive a share of the public patronage.

In our LADIES' DEPARTMENT will be found a large stock of nice New York goods in all the various widths, calculated to suit any Lady's foot. In case we cannot find a fit in the store, we can manufacture and make to order anything in the Boot & Shoe line that may be desired.

Our HAT AND CAP DEPARTMENT will be constantly supplied with all the New and Nobby styles, which we shall sell at prices that will not fail to satisfy our patrons.

That WORLD RENOWNED BEEBE SILK HAT, which every one pronounces to be the best hat made, will be constantly on hand.

We shall also keep a large and varied assortment of

Gent's Furnishing Goods

comprising everything usually found in that line.

Persons in want of any of the above named articles will please look at us before purchasing elsewhere.

HERSEY & CO.

Bangor, Aug. 26, 1870. 4w

Found

Some time since, a wallet containing a small sum of money. The owner is requested to prove property and take it away.

aug29—3t.

FOR SALE.

The Stock and Fixtures of a first class Tailoring Establishment, of a largest it applied for before the 1st of September. The stock is clean, and in good run of trade; all the necessary appurtenances of a first class establishment. Reason for selling, wish to leave the States.

W. F. CHISAM,
136 Exchange St.

Bangor, Aug. 15th, 1870.

A FULL CARGO OF BLACK WALNUT

Just arrived and for sale low at the

LUMBER YARD

OF

Geo. F. Godfrey,

BARLOW STREET.

Bangor, Aug. 19, 1870. 1aw1f

Wanted.

At this office, a JOURNEYMAN PRINTER. Good wages and permanent employment.

aug18 tf

National Insurance Company of Bangor.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be holden at the office of the Company, WEST MARKET SQUARE, on Saturday, the third day of September, 1870 at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose, or considering the subject of transacting the business of March 1st, 1870, amending the by-laws of said and any other business that may legally come before them.

aug22—1m HERBERT FULLER, Secretary.

SOCIAL DANCE,

At Kenduskeag Hotel

Wednesday Evening, Aug. 31.

MUSIC BY OAKMAN BROS.

Tickets for Dance and Supper, $2.00. Ed. Hall.

aug 29—2t F. O. HALAND, Proprietor.

The Republicans of Bangor and vicinity friendly to the election of Governor CHAMBERLAIN to the office of United States Senator, are invited to meet in Mass Convention, at Norombega Hall, in Bangor, on SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 3d, at 7½ o'clock, to take measures to promote their object.

S. F. Stockland, Daniel Wiley, G. W. Pickering, S. H. Blake, Alex. W. Palmer, Solon in Eaton, Elias J. Stewart, George Varney, R. S. Morison, Lot Morrell, Joseph Gass, Lemuel Bartlett, S. W. Lancaster, J. O. Colburn, C. P. Bacon, E. P. Dudley, Wm. L. Mann, A. A. Parlin, Edwin Hunter, Geo. D. Lord, Chas. Y. Dorr, G. K. Lane, Frank N. Ireland, Otis T. Dancett, David Bell, E. C. Smart, Gustavus Hunt, J. O. B. Darling, E. B. Fitch, E. Tinker, D. C. Merrill, Edgar P. Sabine, Charles W. Atwell, Junior B. Shaw, John Norris, O. N. Crosby, J. K. Sabine, jr., J. K. Sabine, sr., Henry L. Bagley, Wm. Sidney, S. S. Miller, A. L. Boyd, F. E. Farrington, D. H. Norcross, Daniel Bustard, John D. Pierce, Wm. C. Hole, C. O. Hornsby, H. A. Merrill, J. M. Davis, C. P. Bragg, E. H. Stinson, Joel A. Fowle, S. W. Hall, W. H. Hall, John Lane, W. H. Sargent, Nathaniel Hutton, Albert Rich, Sumner Chadwick, Henry Hayes, A. D. Hurlin

E DICTIONARY
ADJECTIVES,
used in describing, the
rability, Style and Finished
legance of the

R SILK HAT.
or in a family which is the happy
possessor of a

ssamer.
nufactured at wholesale and to

ADAMS'
Block, East Market Sq.
1870.

nal House,
st. Bangor, Maine.
AN,
OUSE, situated in the business
e City, has been re-built and re-
ntly refitted and
travelling

TABLE
ass
country.
JOHN HICKMAN.

ORK BOOTS.

WOODS.
and See Them.

PER DAY.
s Wanted.

d Beecher's Paper
ILL BE GIVEN AWAY

R SALE BY

ng Out!

Reduced Prices,
October 1st.

ARLOW Block,

CHASE.

To Let.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS AND
To Let
To Let
JOHN CALVERT
ISO for Rent
POSTER,
Merchant Tailor,
AND
IONEER
Insurance Company,
32 Wall Street, New York.

RECEIVED.
ER, INSURANCE CO
ork, Dec. 31st, 1869.

n Sales.
RESCOTT
STATE BROKER,
Merchants Exchange,
AND
LA SALLE,
Central Street.

iture, Piano, Carpets
ves at Auction.
AY NEXT, August 31st,
o'clock A. M.,
at No. 74 Central Street, (one
and Somerset Streets,) the en-
ause, consisting of Piano, Sofa
ut, Marble Top Chamber Set,
ches, Carpets, Bureaus, Commode,
chen Furniture, Cook and Par-
Stoves, Beds and Bedding,
pal Stove, Hall and Stair
Glass, Wood, Zinc and Sheet
variety of other household
augl7

GEORGE STEVENS

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

Paris Cleared From STRANGERS.

STEINMETZ REPORTED REMOVED.

GREAT BATTLE EXPECTED BETWEEN Charleville and Ardennes!

McMahon Reinforced.

Prussians hold all Southern Alsace.

The French Government to be Removed to Tours.

ANOTHER GREAT BATTLE.

London, Aug. 29. There has been firing heard at Dun. The firing was steady from morning till night.

New York, Aug. 29. Private dispatches report a great battle, between the Crown Prince and McMahon, in which the latter was defeated.

London, Aug. 29. A great and bloody battle began on the evening of Sundby, on the immediate neighborhood of Mouzon, and is yet unfinished. Fighting is now going on between Charleville and Ardennes. Sixty thousand troops have left Paris to join Marshal McMahon, and have already passed beyond Sossons.

THE PRUSSIAN POSITIONS.

London, Aug 29. The Prussian Landwehr are investing Thionville. The Prussians hold all within Alsace. Berlin dispatches say the Prussians are advancing on Paris, two hundred thousand strong. They have cut the railway at Cans La Granville.

A FALSE REPORT.

New York, Aug. 29 A private dispatch from London says, the reported French victory on the Meuse, the battle in which 50,000 were slain, is false.

DOUBTFUL.

Paris, Aug. 29. General Steinmetz, has been removed from command.

PARIS CLEARING FOR ACTION.

Paris, Aug. 29. Gen. Trochu, Governor of Paris, has issued a proclamation ordering all strangers who are natives of countries now at war with France, and not naturalized citizens to leave Paris and the department of the Seine within three days. All strangers who do not comply with the above injunction, and do not conform to it will be arrested and handed over to a military tribunal.

MONTMEDY OCCUPIED.

London, Aug. 29. It now seems that the report is false, that the Prussians are at Suippes, 14 miles north of Chalons. The Prussians are now in the valley of Aube, concentrating at Sommeay.

EDITOR'S COMMUNICATIONS ALL RIGHT.

New York, 29. M. Gallaitelet's dispatch from Paris last night, says that McMahon's communications with Metz and Bazaine are assured.

PREPARATIONS IN PARIS.

The appearance of a division of the enemy between Rheims and Soissons, he says would seem to indicate that the invading wave will come upon us by the valleys of Sienne and Oise.

The entire circumference of our fortifications, is in a formidable state of defence. All the approaches to the city have been obstructed to save only the railroads and canals, and the many gates and postorns have been walled up. Yesterday the railroad bridge to Asnieres was blown up, and nothing has been left to chance. At the Ministry I am informed there is now talk of removing the administration to Tours, or beyond the Loire during the siege.

MCMAHON AND BAZAINE.

Paris 29 The Moniteur this morning has the following:

As the attacks of McMahon and Bazaine upon the Prussian rear near Metz may be heralded a day or two, and the road to Paris be open, the arrival there of the Prussians must be calculated upon. Accordingly the necessaries about six days will be needed. Perhaps their scouts will arrive sooner. It would be to no purpose to conceal this.

PLENTY OF ARMS.

The Minister of War announces that he can arm an immense force of the National Guard in addition to those already under arms, with guns now in the Reserve Department.

SUBSISTENCE.

It is estimated that the bakeries have at least 15 days' subsistence. Besides this, the Minister has collected in Paris 250,000 quintals of flour, 150,000 quintals of rice, and an immense amount of potatoes and fresh vegetables, beeves, 500,000 sheep, and all the grain and forage necessary for their temporary keeping. Salt, tea, coffee, sugar, and other articles of that nature are also stored in sufficient quantities for the subsistence of Paris during three months, making more than 60,000,000 of rations. At the *entrepots* are stored great quantities of salt pork and salted fish, together with straw, oats and hay for the necessary subsistence of horses, as well those of the army as of private parties. Munitions of war are also plenty.

ANOTHER VERSION.

Special to New-York Sun.

Arbon, Aug. 29 via Brussels. Prussia is making a flank movement on McMahon, the same as they did on Bazaine. This is the situation of both armies: McMahon, as I have told you already, occupies the line from Bethel to Stenay, leaning on Mezieres, Sedan and Montmedy, with the Belgian boundary behind. The Prussians who are marching on Paris are deployed from Stenay to Troyes and have changed their direction. Instead of going west they are going north. Their forces around Troyes march in the direction of Rheims, those around Chalons in that of Suippe, and those which were between Stenay and Varennes in the direction of Bethel, by Grand Arc and Vouziers, while a strong force is at Dun, observing the left of McMahon at Stenay. Meanwhile strong Prussian columns are advancing from Luneville and Jolnville to St. Didier, where the headquarters of the King were reported to be yesterday. The manifest intention of the Prussians is to destroy Marshal McMahon as they destroyed Marshal Bazaine, and then turn their attention to Paris.

A great battle will certainly be fought before many days between Bethel and Montmedy. I do not believe the despatch from Bethel this morning, saying that Marshals McMahon and Bazaine are in communication

RUMORS.

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It is thought that the Crown Prince is moving northward and that he will fight McMahon west of Rheims and Esperney.

It is said that the French advance repulsed the Prussians at Attigny, a few miles northward of Vouziers.

McMahon is reported to be in the Ardennes Forest and Bazaine between Metz, Chaney and Etain.

A late dispatch says that Gen. Steinmetz is marching northward from Metz, pursuing McMahon to prevent him from disturbing the Prussian forces investing Metz.

German towns are filled with French prisoners who are treated with all kindness.

The Belgians are indignant because the railroads of the Kingdom are practically monopolized by the French government for the transportation of cattle and breadstuffs into France.

PREPARING FOR A SIEGE.

London, Aug. 29. A letter from Paris describes the preparations for a siege as follows: Two hundred thousand good troops are now in Paris and fresh thousands, well armed, arrive hourly. A new corps organized at Lyons has just arrived. The gendarmes, policemen, franc tireurs, forresters, and custom house servants are coming in from all the departments. There are 18,000 gunners from the fleet stationed in the fortifications. The city swarms with troops. There is a strong conviction that the advance of the enemy will be checked.

The Special says the sole object of Prince Napoleon's visit to Florence was to secure the safety of the Napoleon dynasty. While France is forgotten, and we are France and think only of the Bonapartes, who think only of themselves. True, the Russian army may yield to such influences as will secure the Bonapartes may offer, but Europe will not. The Prince, who is now will of Odin, has already transferred his ample resources to Italy.

London, Aug. 29. A large [illegible] hands suddenly left Lancashire [illegible] just as the beginning of harvest. The circumstance creates fears that a [illegible] brewing in Ireland.

Paris, Aug. 29. The Cabinet [illegible] into the northern provinces of [illegible] the reports from the Spanish frontier [illegible] cate the approach of formidable [illegible] in Spain.

London, Aug. 29. The following [illegible] sume of the progress of the war [illegible] since the commencement of the [illegible] of France, after the checks [illegible] French Vanguard near Sharp. [illegible] followed by the route of MacMahon [illegible] Paris and the department of the Seine within three days. All strangers who [illegible] comply within the above injunction, and do not conform to it will be arrested and handed over to a military tribunal.

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It is said that the French advance repulsed the Prussians at Attigny, a few miles northward of Vouziers.

McMahon is reported to be in the Ardennes Forest and Bazaine between Metz, Chaney and Etain.

A late dispatch says that Gen. Steinmetz is marching northward from, Metz, pursuing McMahon to prevent him from disturbing the Prussian forces investing Metz.

German towns are filled with French prisoners who are treated with all kindness.

The Belgians are indignant because the railroads of the Kingdom are practically monopolized by the French government for the transportation of cattle and breadstuffs into France.

PREPARING FOR A SIEGE.

London, Aug. 29. A letter from Paris describes the preparations for a siege as follows: Two hundred thousand good troops are now in Paris and fresh thousands, well armed, arrive hourly. A new corps organized at Lyons has just arrived. The gendarmes, policemen, franc tireurs, forresters, and custom house servants are coming in from all the departments. There are 18,000 gunners from the fleet stationed in the fortifications. The city swarms with troops. There is a strong

Corn—sales of 6,000 bushels new mixed western at 88 a 89c.
Oats firmer—State 51 a 52c; Western 50 a 52.
Barley—Ohio 38 a 50; dull.
Flour—Receipts 8,000 bbls; sales 5,000 bbls; unchanged. Superfine State and Western $4 90 a 5 20; extra State $5 25 a 5 50; choice do $5 60 a 5 75; round hoop Ohio $5 25 a 5 50; choice do $5 60 a 5 75; superfine Western $4 90 a 5 20; common to fair extra Western $5 25 a 5 50; choice do $5 60 a 5 75; superfine Genesee $5 25 a 5 50; choice do $5 60 a 5 75; Southern firm; sales 1,000 bbls; Baltimore $5 25 a 5 50; choice do $5 60 a 5 75; Canada firm; sales 600 bbls; common extra $5 25 a 5 50; choice do $5 60 a 5 75.
Rye flour firm; sales 600 bbls; State $5 25 a 5 50; Western $5 25 a 5 50.
Corn meal firm; sales 600 bbls; Jersey $4 10 a 4 15; Brandywine $4 10 a 4 15.
Wheat—Receipts 12,000 bush; sales 30,000 bush; new red Western $1 30 a 1 31; amber Western $1 32 a 1 33; white Western $1 32 a 1 33; amber State $1 32 a 1 33; white State $1 32 a 1 33.
Rye firm; sales 6,000 bush; State 90c a $1 00; Western 90c a $1 00.
Barley firm; sales 600 bush; Canada 96c a 97c.
Freights to Liverpool firm; steam 10d a 10½d; sail 10d a 10½d.
Freights to Liverpool dull; steam 10d a 10½d; sail 10d a 10½d.
Provisions—Pork firm; sales 600 bbls; new mess $16 50 a 16 75; prime $13 50 a 14 00; new prime $13 50 a 14 00.
Lard firm; sales 600 bbls; steam refined 16½ a 16¾c; kettle 17 a 17½c.
Tallow firm; 7½ a 7¾c.
Freights to Liverpool dull; steam 30s; sail 30s per quarter.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.

Flour quiet at $4 90 a 6 65 for spring extras.
Wheat active—No. 2 Spring 1 10½ a 1 11 cash; 1 10½ a 1 11 seller September; 1 11½ a 1 12 seller October; 1 12½ a 1 13 seller November; 1 14½ a 1 15 seller year; 1 15 a 1 15½ seller January; 1 16½ a 1 17 seller February; 1 17½ a 1 18 seller March; 1 18½ a 1 19 seller April; 1 19½ a 1 20 seller May; 1 20½ a 1 21 seller June; 1 21½ a 1 22 seller July; 1 22½ a 1 23 seller August; No. 3 Spring 1 05½ a 1 06 cash; 1 06½ a 1 07 seller September; 1 07½ a 1 08 seller October; 1 08½ a 1 09 seller November; 1 09½ a 1 10 seller year; 1 10½ a 1 11 seller January; 1 11½ a 1 12 seller February; 1 12½ a 1 13 seller March; 1 13½ a 1 14 seller April; 1 14½ a 1 15 seller May; 1 15½ a 1 16 seller June; 1 16½ a 1 17 seller July; 1 17½ a 1 18 seller August; Rejected 1 00 a 1 01 cash; 1 01½ a 1 02 seller September; 1 02½ a 1 03 seller October; 1 03½ a 1 04 seller November; 1 04½ a 1 05 seller year; 1 05½ a 1 06 seller January; 1 06½ a 1 07 seller February; 1 07½ a 1 08 seller March; 1 08½ a 1 09 seller April; 1 09½ a 1 10 seller May; 1 10½ a 1 11 seller June; 1 11½ a 1 12 seller July; 1 12½ a 1 13 seller August.
Corn dull—No. 2 at 36½ a 36¾c cash; 36½ a 36¾c seller September; 37½ a 37¾c seller October; 38½ a 38¾c seller November; 39½ a 39¾c seller year; 36½ a 36¾c seller January; 36½ a 36¾c seller February; 36½ a 36¾c seller March; 36½ a 36¾c seller April; 36½ a 36¾c seller May; 36½ a 36¾c seller June; 36½ a 36¾c seller July; 36½ a 36¾c seller August; Rejected 34½ a 34¾c cash; 34½ a 34¾c seller September; 35½ a 35¾c seller October; 36½ a 36¾c seller November; 37½ a 37¾c seller year; 34½ a 34¾c seller January; 34½ a 34¾c seller February; 34½ a 34¾c seller March; 34½ a 34¾c seller April; 34½ a 34¾c seller May; 34½ a 34¾c seller June; 34½ a 34¾c seller July; 34½ a 34¾c seller August.
Oats dull—No. 2 at 23½ a 23¾c cash; 23½ a 23¾c seller September; 24½ a 24¾c seller October; 25½ a 25¾c seller November; 26½ a 26¾c seller year; 23½ a 23¾c seller January; 23½ a 23¾c seller February; 23½ a 23¾c seller March; 23½ a 23¾c seller April; 23½ a 23¾c seller May; 23½ a 23¾c seller June; 23½ a 23¾c seller July; 23½ a 23¾c seller August; Rejected 22½ a 22¾c cash; 22½ a 22¾c seller September; 23½ a 23¾c seller October; 24½ a 24¾c seller November; 25½ a 25¾c seller year; 22½ a 22¾c seller January; 22½ a 22¾c seller February; 22½ a 22¾c seller March; 22½ a 22¾c seller April; 22½ a 22¾c seller May; 22½ a 22¾c seller June; 22½ a 22¾c seller July; 22½ a 22¾c seller August.
Receipts—Flour 6,000 bbls; wheat 30,000 bush; corn 120,000 bush; oats 60,000 bush; rye 1,000 bush; barley 1,000 bush.
Shipments—Flour 4,000 bbls; wheat 20,000 bush; corn 100,000 bush; oats 40,000 bush; rye 1,000 bush; barley 1,000 bush.
On the Board of Trade to-day No. 2 Spring wheat was dull and lower; No. 3 Spring wheat was dull and heavy; No. 2 corn was dull and lower; No. 2 oats were dull and lower; rejected oats were dull and heavy; No. 2 barley was dull and lower; rejected barley was dull and heavy; No. 2 rye was dull and lower.

Marine Journal.

TO VESSEL OWNERS.

Those of our subscribers who are interested in vessels which they desire to have reported, will please call at this office or send word, as the movements may be daily needed.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED

Brig Carrie, Yeo, Boston.

SUNDAY, Aug 28.

Sch Dolly Deane, Wass, Boston.
Sch Ellen, Hall, Boston.
Sch Rowen, Rich, Boston.
Sch Hunter, Lee, do.
Sch Wm Slocum, Eliot, do.
Sch Eddie & Ned, Somerby, do.
Sch Wm Penn, Kingman, Weehawken.
Sch Mechanic, Hurd, do.
Sch Bellflower, Bellows, Port Reading.
Sch Lizzie F Snow, Snow, Elizabethport.
Sch Wm Carroll, Sherman, do.
Sch Bellflower, Bellows, Port Reading.
Sch West Falmouth II, Crowell, Boston.
Sch Hannah, White, do.
Sch Leopard, —, do.
Sch Eddie Parker, Boston.
Sch Red Bird, Rockland.
Sch Catherine, Sloan, do.
Sch Hattie Brown, Rockland.
Sch Mary Ann, Perry, do.
Sch Advance, Lunch, Bristol.

CLEARED.

Sch Abbie, Rich, Boston—Cargo by E Rice & Co.
Sch Ellen, Hall, Boston—Cargo by Bangor Steam Navigation Co.
Sch Rowen, Rich, Boston.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Office Lighthouse Inspector, 1st D
Nov 18, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the Bell Buoy which has been moored off Cohasset Rocks, in Boston harbor, has been removed to the northward of the wreck of the steamer Rhode Island, and placed in the following position, viz: Bearings of Minot's Light House, S. by E. ½ E. distant 1¼ miles; Scituate Light House, N. W. by W. ½ W. distant 3 miles; Boston Light House, N. E. by E. ½ E. distant 5 miles. Vessels passing the Bell Buoy will leave it on the starboard hand.

THOMAS DOANE,
Lighthouse Inspector 1st District.

MEMORANDA.

Off Cape Ann, Sch S. A. Cox, Heath, from Rockland for Boston, with loss of foremast, sails and rigging.

Ashore at Nantucket, Aug 27, sch Ellen Maria, Hallett, from Boston for Cuba, with loss of foremast, sails and rigging.

Sch Mary Ann, Perry, from Rockland for Boston, with loss of foremast, sails and rigging.

Sch Advance, Lunch, from Rockland for Boston, with loss of foremast, sails and rigging.

DISASTERS

Steamer Mystic, Crowell, from Boston for Portland, with mdse and passengers, put into Provincetown 28th inst, with machinery disabled.

Sch Ellen Maria, Hallett, from Boston for Cuba, before reported ashore at Nantucket, Aug 27, has been got off and proceeded to destination.

Sch Mary Ann, Perry, from Rockland for Boston, before reported ashore at Nantucket, Aug 27, has been got off and proceeded to destination.

Sch Advance, Lunch, from Rockland for Boston, before reported ashore at Nantucket, Aug 27, has been got off and proceeded to destination.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

NEW YORK, Aug 28—PM—Ar, brig Annie Knight, Hall, Rockland; sch Ellen Maria, Hallett, Boston.

Cld, brig Ellen Maria, Hallett, Cuba; sch Mary Ann, Perry, Rockland; Advance, Lunch, do.

Sld, brig Annie Knight, Hall, Rockland; sch Ellen Maria, Hallett, Cuba; Mary Ann, Perry, Rockland; Advance, Lunch, do.

Ar 29th, sch Ellen Maria, Hallett, Cuba.

Sld, sch Ellen Maria, Hallett, Cuba.

Ar at Quarantine 29th, sch Mary Ann, Perry, Rockland.

Sld, sch Mary Ann, Perry, Rockland.

Ar at Quarantine 29th, sch Advance, Lunch, Rockland.

Sld, sch Advance, Lunch, Rockland

THE REVERIE.

The pale moon threw it[illegible]
Athwart her pallid br[illegible]
And eyes that sparkled [illegible]
When dimmed and dude[illegible]

The velvet damask fade[illegible]
From cheeks so white and [illegible]
And o'er her saintly fea[illegible]
A smile that might s[illegible]

And in these soft and w[illegible]
I saw those eyes of [illegible]
As though she saw up in [illegible]
The seraphs of her dr[illegible]

I could not speak; her be[illegible]
Of mere than earthly
I could not mar the visi[illegible]
That o'er her spirit so[illegible]

And as I knelt, as if bot[illegible]
Some holy sacred shrine
She took her eyes from [illegible]
And raised them up to [illegible]

And said in tones of deep[illegible]
"I don't know which be[illegible]
Of surprise in my wistful [illegible]
Or want it with the bla[illegible]

Many incidents, thrilling [illegible] and hair-breadth escapes are rela[illegible]tion with the fearful ravages of [illegible] in Canada. Chelsea village had [illegible]ape from destruction. A corres[illegible]e flames as they first commer[illegible]nce across the stubble fields and [illegible]ces. Racing along at a speed not [illegible]ilo in four or five minutes the [illegible]on the little place. Women, with [illegible]nes clinging to them, screamed [illegible]ht; hardy men who, perhaps, now[illegible]ow what terror meant, stood agh[illegible]ed cheeks and trembling li[illegible]ng the cry arose, "To the river! [illegible]ng to the inhabitants were hurrying, [illegible]duly to preserve their lives, an[illegible]n utes they found themselves hu[illegible]n near the river's side, with al[illegible]n possessions suddenly snatch[illegible]n song of them with scarcely a [illegible]n so brief had been the time al[illegible]to prepare their flight. Just abo[illegible]n the flames roared in wild, tremu[illegible]a lurid reflection upon the ri[illegible]ening, and illuminating the wi[illegible]n bright, glowing light. Upon r[illegible]n together, the poor houseless [illegible]n embarked, and with the ruins of [illegible]n blazing above them, they set fo[illegible]n venturesome way. After a ve[illegible]n with many perils and hair-br[illegible]n they at length made Gratineau [illegible]n they remained for the night, a[illegible]n obtained shelter.

AMERICAN HYPERBOLE.—A [illegible] book I find just come over from [illegible] "Brimstones of America [illegible] Englishmen," which describes [illegible] the twain, rippled through the [illegible] they saw in the country, and wi[illegible] in the streets. As instances of [illegible]le" of the country they regard the [illegible] flames as they first commer[illegible] across the stubble fields and [illegible] Racing along at a speed not [illegible] in four or five minutes the [illegible] the little place. Women, with [illegible] clinging to them, screamed [illegible] hardy men who, perhaps, now [illegible] what terror meant, stood agh[illegible] ed cheeks and trembling li[illegible] the cry arose, "To the river! [illegible] the inhabitants were hurrying, [illegible] duly to preserve their lives, an[illegible] utes they found themselves hu[illegible] near the river's side, with al[illegible] possessions suddenly snatch[illegible] song of them with scarcely a [illegible] so brief had been the time al[illegible] to prepare their flight. Just abo[illegible] the flames roared in wild, tremu[illegible] a lurid reflection upon the ri[illegible] ening, and illuminating the wi[illegible] bright, glowing light. Upon r[illegible] together, the poor houseless [illegible] embarked, and with the ruins of [illegible] blazing above them, they set fo[illegible] venturesome way. After a ve[illegible] with many perils and hair-br[illegible] they at length made Gratineau [illegible] they remained for the night, a[illegible] obtained shelter.

AMERICAN HYPERBOLE.—A book I find just come over from [illegible] "Brimstones of Americ[illegible] Englishmen," which describes [illegible] the twain, rippled through the [illegible] they saw in the country, and wi[illegible] in the streets. As instances of [illegible]le" of the country they regard the [illegible] of the Senate [illegible] St. Louis answered, "Yes I se[illegible] child, in describing the pric[illegible] at Niagara, asserted that the [illegible] so high that the Falls are design[illegible] parison." Another story is told [illegible] appearance of truth, of a boy wh[illegible] ing his school-fellows as they st[illegible] old gentleman's windows. The [illegible] rushed out of his house, determ[illegible] be to make some severe com[illegible] ment on the offender, saying, wi[illegible] the boy, "Now, you rascal, I h[illegible] within an inch of your life!" A[illegible] began to beat him, when the bo[illegible] unconcerned laughing, and co[illegible] the old gentleman stopped beats the exclamation, "Boy, what are [illegible] at?" "Well," said the boy, "I'm h[illegible] cause you are so fully, sold! I a[illegible]

A lately female correspondent [illegible] Vineyard says that up from Ne[illegible] ing the last few days have flow[illegible] clubs, dotting the blue harbor with their lightness and whiteness. The Cambridge lain opposite the camp-ground for two days, and everybody has made a call is or her special business to sail on the wings of curiosity to that coquettish craft, to stare at her charming appointments, her jolly, crimson-tipped officers and guests, but [illegible] ually enormous crew. The fair quail-driver relates the following as the usual style of interview.—An Illinois Englishman—"Aw, ya-as, this is our, ah fleet-house." Chorus of Boston girls—"How perfectly splendid!" A. E—"Aw, too good, I'm sure. And these, you see, are our pistols, fo[illegible] arms, I fancy." B. Gs—"Lovely." A. E—"Aw! Here's our kitchen. I'm really afraid you cannot see how nice it is." B. Gs—"Good gracious! It's just magnificent!" Illinois Ya-as. Wouldn't you like to see our ba-ths?" B. Gs—(Slightly dubious)—"Ye-es. Are they funny?" A. E. (Politely)—"Aw; very nice." B. Gs—(With firmness)—"Let's see 'em then." And so, in the ladies' little cabin, the carpet is raised, and a trap-door lifted, disclosing the prettiest little white "bath" into which pours at desire a stream of salt-water, eliciting screams of "Oh, dear!" "Splendid!" "Lovely!" from Boston girls, with accompaniments of "Ya-as, very nice," from amiable Englishmen.

WIDES AND CARPETS.—In the selection of a carpet, you should always prefer one with small figures, for the two webs of which the fabric consists are always more closely interwoven than in carpetings where large figures are wrought.

There is a good deal of true philosophy in this, that will apply, to matters widely different from the selection of carpets.

A man commits a sad mistake when he selects a wife that cuts too large a figure on the great green carpet of life; in other words makes much display. The attractions fade—the web of life becomes worn and weak—and all the gay figures that seemed so charming at first, disappear like summer flowers in autumn.

Many a man has made flimsy-limsby-woolsey of himself by striving to weave too large a figure, and is worn out, used up, like old carpets hanging on the fence, before he has lived half his allotted days of usefulness.

Many a man wears out, like a carpet that is never sweep, by the dust of indolence; like that carpet he needs shaking or whipping; he needs activity, something to think of, something to do.

Look out, then for the large figures; and there are those now stowed away in the garret of the world, awaiting their final consignments to the dust, who, had they practiced this bit of carpet philosophy would to-day be firm and bright as Brussels fresh from the loom, and everybody exclaiming, "Hats wonderful how they wear."

PAPAL INFALLIBILITY.—Archbishop Purcell of Cincinnati, delivered an address on Sunday night on the Œcumenical Council explaining the position taken by himself and a few others on infallibility, and his discussion with the advocates of the dogma. In answer to the question—"What is to be done with the Pope if he becomes a heretic?" Archbishop Purcell says if he denies any dogmas of the Church held by every true believer, he is no more Pope than either you or I, and so in this respect this dogma of infallibility amounts to nothing, as an article of temporal government or cover for heresy. The Archbishop then read the text of the dogma of infallibility, translating it from the original Latin he read, and commenting occasionally thereon. He said that it was well that he should proclaim the last words of the Pope in defining the doctrine of infallibility. In preface the reading with these words: "I want the editors of newspapers and reporters, who are here present, to send it on the wings of the press, north and south, east and west, that I, John B. Purcell, Archbishop of the city of Cincinnati, am one of the most faithful of Catholics that ever swore allegiance to Rome."

AN ARKANSAS WOMAN.—An Arkansas paper says: On Thursday night Mr. W. J. Bronaugh, of Madison, hearing a noise about twelve o'clock, arose and scratched for the pistol. As he was about entering the bedroom the villain dashed the light out of Mr. Bronaugh's hand, and, clenching him, gave Mr. B. several desperate wounds. Then began a terrible hand-to-hand encounter. Mrs. B., hearing the noise, came out, seized an axe and with one blow nearly severed the would-be robber's head from his body. An examination was held next morning, and Mr. and Mrs. B. both acquitted of all blame. Thus we are rid of another desperate character, who has been the dread of the community for months.

In the year 1679, the Danes advanced with a large force upon Hamburg; but after a siege of considerable duration, seeing little hope of ultimate success, they drew off, withdrew, and marched back. Thereupon the Hamburgers caused a medal to be struck in commemoration of the event. On one side of this memorable curiosity was this inscription: "The King of Denmark came before Hamburg. What he gained by it will be found on the other side." On the other side was a coat of blanks.

PURE TEAS.

Just Received

FROM JAPAN AND CHINA,

By the Ship

Mutual Store Company,

No. 22 & 24 Central Street,

Large invoices of new and very elegant Hankow Teas, imported by the most direct route, and selected by an American agent of the highest responsibility and character, and sold at cost to China exporters to avoid storage charges. Also, a fine Oolong, of rich and delicious flavor, and the most delicate Mocha and Java. Also, a fine lot of Rio, which we guarantee to be the best we have ever sold at the price, and which we are confident will please all who use it. Also, a fine lot of Sugars, Molasses, Spices, Canned Fruits, Pickles, Sauces, &c., all of which will be found to be of the best kind, and at the lowest prices.

Our Roasted Coffee,

which is used by all Americans, Europeans and Asiatics, in the best families, restaurants and hotels in the country, is now offered at prices lower than can be found at any other store in the Country.

PURE SPICES

are also kept well assorted, and will be found to be of the best quality.

Stock of all kinds of goods pertaining to a first class Grocery Store, constantly on hand, and sold at the lowest prices.

Store, Fish and Lard, Kerosene Oil, Flour, Meal, Cider Vinegar, Candles, Starch, Soap, Dried Fruits, Pickles, Sauces, Preserves, Canned Fruits, Jellies, Molasses, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Spices, &c., &c.

Also, a large stock of Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Woollen Goods, Crockery, Glass, Tinware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Cutlery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Matting, Rugs, Mats, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Picture Frames, Mouldings, Window Shades, Fixtures, Cornices, Curtain Goods, Trimmings, Furniture, Bedding, Feathers, Mattresses, Spring Beds, Cots, Cradles, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Sofas, Lounges, Wash Stands